Outlineoffungi.org - Note 868 Phaeodischloridium

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Phaeodischloridium W.P. Wu & Y.Z. Diao

Phaeodischloridium was introduced by Wu & Diao (2022) to accommodate P. inaequiseptatum as the type species, based on morphological characteristics and phylogenetic analysis. Phaeodischloridium has been reported as saprobes on dead plant materials in China and Japan. Phaeodischloridium inaequiseptatum comprises superficial, brown to dark brown colonies; solitary, erect, unbranched, pigmented conidiophores; integrated, terminal, cylindrical, lageniform conidiogenous cells lacking a conspicuous collarette; and solitary, cylindrical to cylindric-clavate, septate, light brown to dark brown conidia which accumulating in slimy brown masses at the apices. The asexual morph is undetermined. Phylogenetic analysis based on ITS and LSU sequence data of a synonymized Chaetosphaeria aquatica present the taxonomic placement was used to Phaeodischloridium in Chaetosphaeriaceae. Also, Catenularia formed a sister clade with Phaeodischloridium. The taxonomic placement of *Phaeodischloridium* Chaetosphaeriaceae, Chaetosphaeriales, Sordariomycetidae, Sordariomycetes, Pezizomycotina, and Ascomycota.

Reference

Wu W, Diao Y. 2022 – Anamorphic chaetosphaeriaceous fungi from China. Fungal Diversity 116(1), 1–546. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11557-022-01836-7

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